Beagle	

Ocular disorders known or presumed to be inherited (published)

	Diagnosis	Description and comments specific to the breed	Inheritance	Gene/ marker test	References
A	Microphthalmia with multiple ocular anomalies		Presumed autosomal dominant	NO	1,2,3,4
B	Distichiasis		Unknown	NO	3,4
C	Prolapsed gland of the nictitating membrane		Unknown	NO	3,4
D	Corneal dystrophy		Unknown	NO	3,4,5,6,7,8,9
E	Persistent pupillary membranes		Unknown	NO	4
F	Iris cysts		Unknown	NO	3,4
G	Cataract		Unknown	NO	1,3,4,10,11
H	Glaucoma	Primary open angle glaucoma (POAG). The IOP is elevated by one year of age	Autosomal recessive	ADAMTS10	3,4,12,13,14 15,16,17,18 19,20,21,22, 23,24,25
I	Tapetal degeneration		Presumed autosomal recessive	NO	3,4,26,27,28 29

J	Progressive Retinal Atrophy (PRA)		Unknown	NO	3,4
K	Retinal dysplasia -multifocal		Unknown	NO	3,4
L	Optic nerve hypoplasia		Unknown	NO	3,4
M	Coloboma of the optic nerve		Unknown	NO	3,4
N	Congenital stationary night blindness (CSNB)		Autosomal recessive	LRIT3	30, 31

The ECVO's advice relating to hereditary eye disease control

Please see ECVO Manual chapter 8: VET Advice

Recommendations regarding age and frequency for eye examinations

Please see ECVO Manual chapter 7: ECVO Age and Frequency recommendations

Other ocular disorders (reported)

	Diagnosis	Source

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